

U Series



Description

The Direct Current Thermal-Link Alloy Type (DC-ATCO) is defined as a non-resettable protective device functioning one time only. It is widely used in electrical equipment. ATCO is mainly consist of fusible alloy, flux resin, case, sealant and lead wires. Normally, fusible alloy is jointed to the two lead wires. Under abnormal conditions, when the temp. reaches to the fusing temp. of ATCO, the fusible alloy melts and quickly retracts to the two lead wire ends with the aid of the flux resin and disconnects the circuit completely.

SETsafe | SETfuse Direct Current Thermal-Link Alloy Type (DC-ATCO) U series Rated Functioning Temp. from 76 °C to 221 °C, Rated Current: 10 A, safety certification Includes UL, cUL, TUV, PSE, CCC, and complies with RoHS and REACH.

Features

- Non-Resettable
- High Accuracy of Functioning Temp.
- RoHS & REACH Compliant

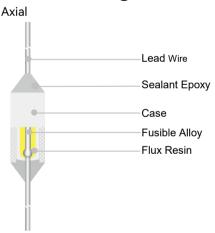
Applications

- Lamps
- Switched-Mode Power Supplies
- Home Electrical Appliances
- Transformers
- Motors
- Power Strips

Customization

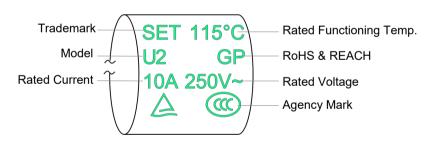
- Other Temp.
- The Length of Lead Wires
- Taping Packing Available
- Lead Wires can be Insulated
- Tinned Copper Wires or CP Wires
- **Leads Forming Types**

Structure Diagrams

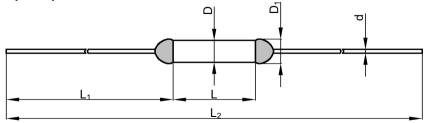


Marking

Axial (Color for reference only)



Dimensions (mm)



L	L ₁	L ₂	D	D ₁	d
14.0 ± 0.5	33.0 ± 2.0	80.0 ± 3.0	4.0 ± 0.5	≤ 4.5	1.05 ± 0.05



U Series

Specifications

		Model	Fusing Temp.	T _h	T _m	I _r	U r	<i>I</i> _n 8 / 20 μs (15 Times)	I _{max} 8 / 20 μs (1 Time)	71 ®	c RL ®	A	\$PS\$	((()	RoHS REACH
			(°C)	(°C)	(°C)	(A)	(V)	(kA)	(kA)	UL	cUL	TUV	PSE	ССС	
	221	U31	218 ± 2	186	250	10	AC 250	5	10	•	•	•	0	•	•
	221	031	21012	100	250	10	DC 60	5	10	0	0	•	0	•	•
	205	1122	199 ± 3	167	250	10	AC 250	5	10	0	0	•	0	•	•
	205	U32	199 1 3	107	230	10	DC 60	5	10	0	0	•	0	•	•
	400	1140	455 . 0	400	000	40	AC 250	4	8	0	0	•	•	•	•
o° (160	U16	155 ± 2	130	200	10	DC 60	4	8	0	0	•	0	•	•
$(7_{\rm f})$	150	U7	145 ± 2	120	200	10	AC 250	4	8	0	0	•	•	•	•
	150	U/	145 ± 2	120	200	10	DC 60	4	8	0	0	•	0	•	•
me	445	U6	140 + 2	115	200	10	AC 250	4	8	0	0	•	•	•	•
E	145	06	140 ± 2	113	200	10	DC 60	4	8	0	0	•	0	•	•
jin	135	U5	130 ± 2	105	200	10	AC 250	4	8	•	•	•	•	•	•
tior	133	03	100 1 2	100	200	10	DC 60	4	8	0	0	•	0	•	•
Functioning Temp.	130	U4	125 ± 2	100	200	10	AC 250	4	8	0	0	•	•	•	•
Fu	130	04	12012	100	200	10	DC 60	4	8	0	0	•	0	•	•
Rated	125	U3	121 ± 2	95	200	10	AC 250	4	8	0	0	•	•	•	•
Rai	120	00					DC 60	4	8	0	0	•	0	•	•
	115	U2	111 ± 2	85	200	10	AC 250	4	8	•	•	•	•	•	•
	110	UZ	111111111111111111111111111111111111111		200	10	DC 60	4	8	0	0	•	0	•	•
	102	U1	98 ± 3	72	200	10	AC 250	4	8	0	0	•	•	•	•
		01	0010	12	200	10	DC 60	4	8	0	0	•	0	•	•
	86	U18	81 ± 2	51	200	10	AC 250	3	6	0	0	•	0	•	•
		2.0					DC 60	3	6	0	0	•	0	•	•
	76	U0	73 ± 2	43	200	10	AC 250	3	6	•	•	•	0	•	•
	. 0	50	10±2	70	200		DC 60	3	6	•	•	•	0	•	•

^{1: &}quot;●"Means certificated, "○"Means non-certificated, RoHS & REACH Compliant .

^{2: &}quot; * "Customizable DC voltage.

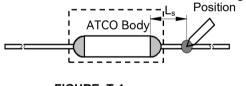
Agency Information

Institution	Standards	The File No. and certification No. obtained by SETsafe SETfuse
₽ ®	UL 60691	E214712
c ₹1 ®	CAN-CSA-E60691	E214712
<u>A</u>	EN 60691	R50207621
PS	J60691	JET2121-32001-2029、JET2121-32001-2030 JET2121-32001-2031
(W)	GB 9816.1	2020980205000193

Soldering

Hand-Soldering

- 1. Soldering should be carried out according to Table T-1.
- 2. The thermal element of ATCO is fusible alloy with low melting point, which is jointed with ATCO lead wires. Improper soldering operation (too high soldering temp., too long soldering time, too short lead wire etc.) may transfer more heat to the thermal element and ATCO may open in advance.
- 3. When soldering conditions are more severe than those listed in Table T-1, a heat sink fixture should be used between soldering point and ATCO body.
- 4. When soldering, please do not pull / push or twist ATCO body or lead wires.
- 5. After soldering, let it naturally cool for longer than 20 seconds. During cooling, never move the ATCO body or lead wires.



Soldering

FIGURE T-1

TABLE T-1 Hand-Soldering Time

Rated Functioning Temp.		Max. Allowable Soldering Time for Different Lead Wire Length (Fig.T-1)										
$(T_{\rm f})$	L _s Length	Time		L _s Length	Time		L _s Length	Time		Temp.		
	Lengui	Tinned Copper Wire	CP Wire	Lengui	Tinned Copper Wire	CP Wire	Lengui	Tinned Copper Wire	CP Wire			
(°C)	(mm)	(s)	(s)	(mm)	(s)	(s)	(mm)	(s)	(s)	(°C)		
76 to 101	10	1ª	4	20	2	5	30	3	6			
102 to 115	10	1ª	4	20	2	5	30	3	6			
116 to 135	10	1 ^a	4	20	3	6	30	5	8	400		
136 to 150	10	3	6	20	5	8	30	5	8			
151 to 221	10	4	7	20	6	9	30	7	10			

a: Auxiliary Heat Sink Fixture is Required to Avoid ATCO Cutting off Unexpectedly.



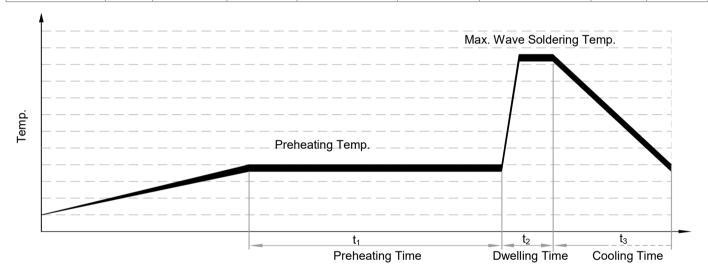
U Series

Wave Soldering

The wave soldering parameters as Table T-2, for reference only, when ATCO is for practice use, you need to do some validation experiments. For example, using X-RAY to see the fusible alloy of ATCO whether damage after wave soldering.

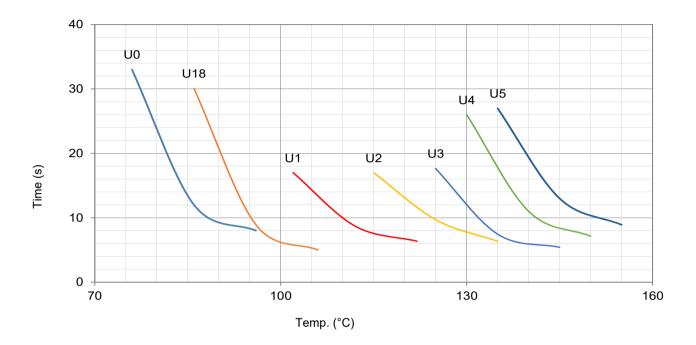
TABLE T-2 Wave Soldering Parameters Setting

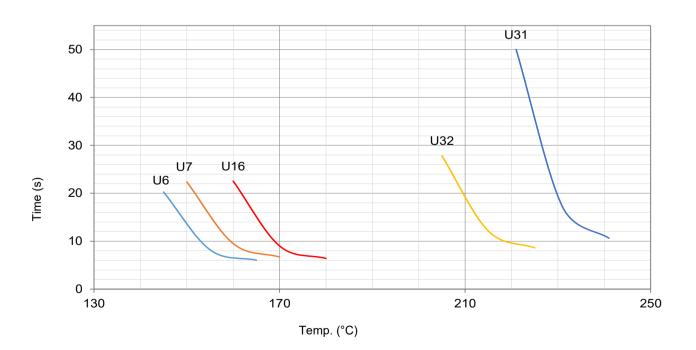
Rated Functioning Temp.	Who	_		ng Temp. re is Different	Preheating Time (t ₁)	Max. Wave Soldering	Dwelling Time (t ₂)	Cooling Time (t ₃)
(<i>T</i> _f)	L _s Length	Preheating Temp.	L _s Length	Preheating Temp.		Temp.		
(°C)	(mm)	(°C)	(mm)	(°C)	(s)	(°C)	(s)	(s)
76 to 130				Recommend	Hand-Soldering			
131 to 150	20	80	30	90	< 60	≤ 260	≤ 3	≤ 10
151 to 221	20	90	30	100	< 60	≤ 260	≤ 3	≤ 10



Product Temp.-Time Curve (Reference)

The Temp.-Time Curve of Thermal-Link in different temp. oil bath.



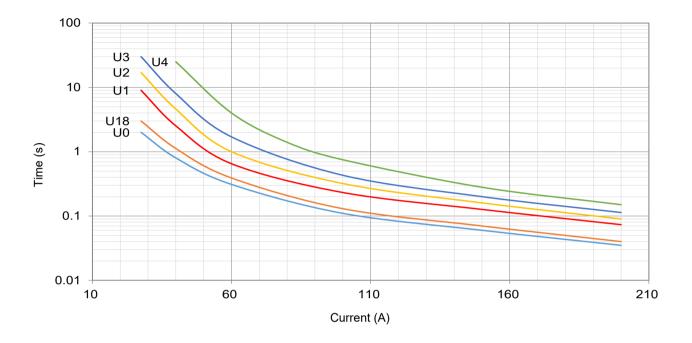


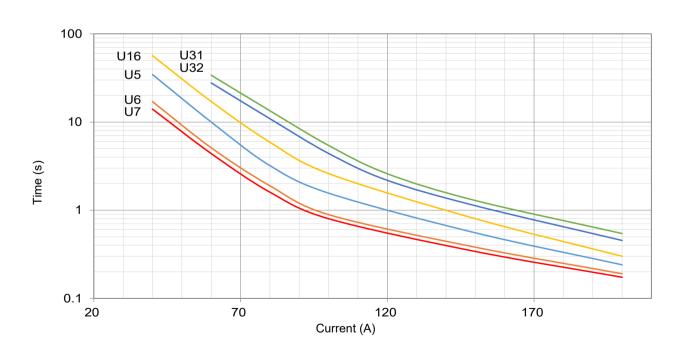


U Series

Product Current-Time Curve (Reference)

The Current-Time Curve shows functioning time at multi-times rated current at room temperature 25 ± 2 °C.





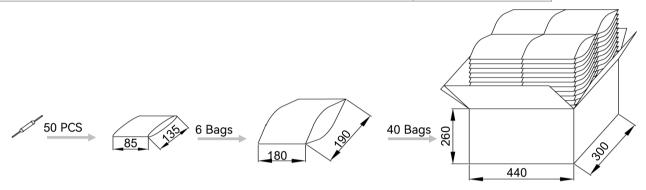


U Series

Packaging Information

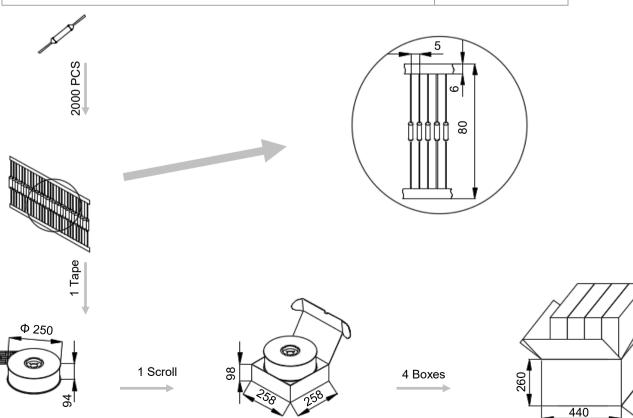
Bulk

Item	PE Bag	PE Bag	Carton
Dimensions (mm)	135 × 85	190 × 180	440 × 300 × 260
Quantity (PCS)	50	300	12000
Gross Weight (kg)			16.0 ± 10%

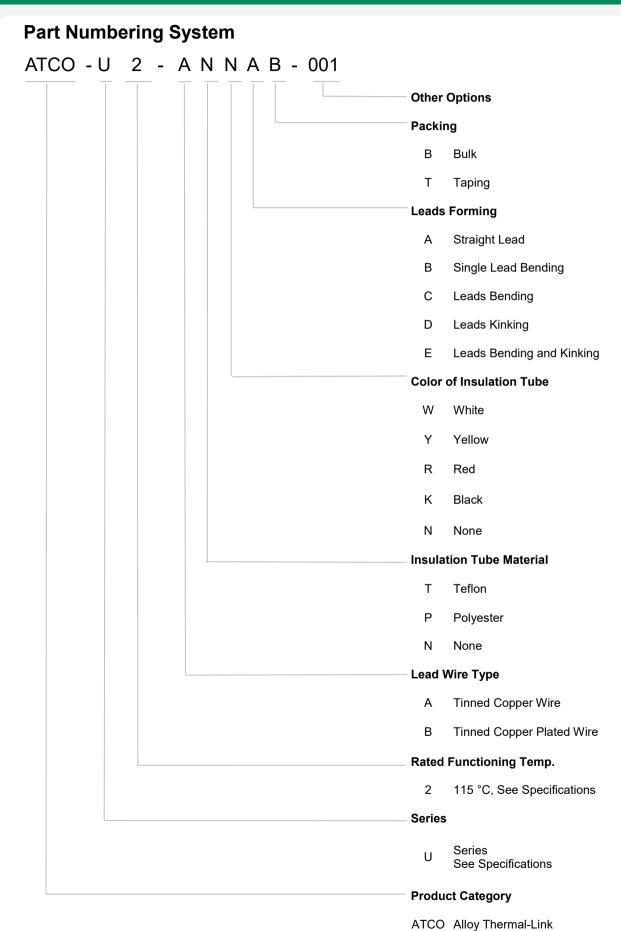


Taping

Item	Scroll	Box	Carton
Dimensions (mm)	Ф 250 × 94	258 × 258 × 98	480 × 300 × 260
Quantity (PCS)	2000	2000	8000
Gross Weight (kg)			10.5 ± 10%



U Series





U Series

Glossary

Item	Description
тсо	Thermal-Link A non-resettable device incorporating a THERMAL ELEMENT which will open a circuit once only when exposed for a sufficient length of time to a temperature in excess of that for which it has been designed. — (GB 9816.
ATCO	Alloy Thermal-Link Alloy Type Thermal-Link, Alloy is the thermal element. — (GB 9816.
T _f	Rated Functioning Temp. The temperature of the Alloy Thermal-Link which causes it to change the state of conductivity with a detection current up to 10 mA as the only load.
11	— (GB 9816. Tolerance: $T_{\rm f}$ °C (GB 9816.1, EN 60691, K60691). Tolerance: $T_{\rm f} \pm 7$ °C (J60691).
Fusing Temp.	Fusing Temp. The temperature of the Alloy Thermal-Link which causes it to change its state of conductivity is measured with silicone oil bath in which the temperature is increased at the rate of 0.5 °C to 1 °C / minute, with a detection current up to 10 mA as the only load. — (GB 9816.
T _h	Holding Temp. The Maximum temperature at which a Alloy Thermal-Link will not change its state of conductivity when conducting rated current for 168 hours. — (GB 9816.
T _m	Maximum Temp. Limit The temperature of the Alloy Thermal-Link stated by the manufacturer, up to which the mechanical and electrical propertie of the Alloy Thermal-Link having changed its state of conductivity, will not be impaired for a given time. — (GB 9816.
I _r	Rated Current The current used to classify a Alloy Thermal-Link, which is the Maximum current that Alloy Thermal-Link allows to carry ar is able to cut off the circuit safely. — (GB 9816.
U r	Rated Voltage The voltage used to classify a Alloy Thermal-Link, which is the Maximum voltage that Alloy Thermal-Link allows to carry are is able to cut off the circuit safely. — (GB 9816.
<i>I</i> n	Nominal Discharge Current Being able to withstand 15 peak currents of waveform 8/20 µs to test the product's durability of withstanding pulse current. — (UL 144)
I _{max}	Max. Discharge Current Being able to withstand 1 peak current of waveform 8/20 µs to test max. pulse current that the product can withstand. — (UL 144)



U Series



Usage

- 1. When atmosphere pressure is from 80 kPa to 106 kPa, the related altitude shall be from 2000 meters to 500 meters.
- 2. Operating voltage less than rated voltage of ATCO, operating current less than rated current of ATCO.
- 3. Do not touch the ATCO body or lead wires directly when power is on, to avoid burn or electric shock.

Replace

ATCO is a non-repairable product. For safety sake, it shall be replaced by an equivalent ATCO from the same manufacturer, and mounted in the same way.

Storage

Do not store the ATCO at the high temp., high humidity or corrosive gas environment, avoid influencing the solder-ability of the lead wires, the product shall be used up within 1 year after receiving the goods.

Installation

Make Sure the Temp. of Installation Position.

- 1. It is recommended that a dummy ATCO with inbuilt thermo-couple shall be used to determine the proper temp.
- 2. The terminal product should be tested to ensure that potential abnormal conditions do not cause ambient temp. to exceed the $T_{\rm m}$ of the ATCO.
- 3. Mount the ATCO at the location where temp. rises evenly.

Installation position of mechanical performance requirements.

- 1. Do not locate the ATCO in a place where severe vibration always occurs.
- 2. Ensure that the lead wire is long enough, and avoid actions such as press, tensile or twist.
- 3. The seal or body of ATCO must not be damaged, burned or over heated.

U Series

Mechanical Connection

Riveting

- 1. Choose small resistivity riveting material and be riveted.
- 2. A flexible lead or lead with low resistance should be used to rivet the ATCO.
- 3. Contact resistance should be minimal, large contact resistance will lead to higher temp., ATCO Functioning in advance.

Crimping

- 1. Choose small resistivity crimping material and be crimped.
- 2. A flexible lead or lead with low resistance should be used to rivet the ATCO.
- 3. Contact resistance should be minimal, large contact resistance will lead to higher Temp., ATCO Functioning in advance.

Lead Wire Forming

- 1. If lead wire has to be bent, please pay attention to the distance between body and bending point. Refer to Table T-3.
- 2. When bending leads, please use pincher or similar tools to fix the product as shown in Fig.T-2, to avoid damaging the product.
- 3. During forming and mounting, lead wire should not be cut, nicked, bent sharply, to avoid breaking the product.
- 4. Tangential forces on the leads must be avoided (i.e. pushing or pulling on the leads at angle to ATCO body) as such forces may damage the seal of ATCO.

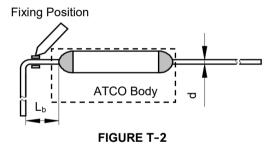


TABLE T-3 Distance between Body and Bending Point

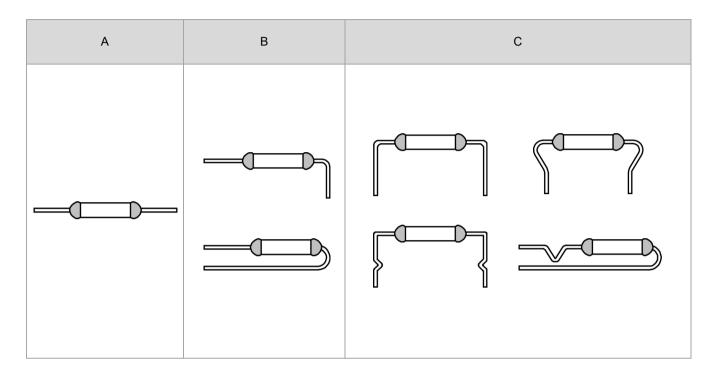
	d	(mm)	< 1.0	1.0 - 1.2	> 1.2
Circular lead	L _b	(mm)	≥ 3	≥5	≥ 10





U Series

Leads Forming TypesThe below leads forming is for reference, more leads forming can be customized.



Product Structure	t	0						0	0	0
Rated Voltage Ur (VAC)* Rated Voltage	je	030					 o		 O	
Rated Current	`	15 850	30	25 600	15		15 00	15 	10 50	20
/ r (A)	70					30				
	86 76	0				ARL86-LRA^		TG86C-HQZ^	RQF86-FQS^	
	93									
	97									
L 1	02	TGH102-HVS [^]	ASL102A-LSF^	RSK102A-KSS [^]	RVH102-HSF [^]	ARL102-LRA^	RPK102-HRZ [^]	TG102C-HQZ [^]	RQF102-FQS^	TG102C-JPZ [^]
1	05									
0 1	115	TGH115-HVS^	ASL115A-LSF^	RSK115A-KSS [^]	RVH115-HSF [^]	ARL115-LRA^	RPK115-HRZ [^]	TG115C-HQZ [^]	RQF115-FQS^	TG115C-JPZ^
<u> </u>	20									
<u> </u>	23	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	25	TGH125-HVS [^]	ASL125A-LSF^	RSK125A-KSS^	RVH125-HSF [^]	ARL125-LRA^	RPK125-HRZ^	TG125C-HQZ^	RQF125-FQS^	TG125C-JPZ^
Ē ¦	30	TGH130-HVS^			RVH130-HSF^				RQF130-FQS^	
ဥ် ¹	35					0				
	36	TGH136-HVS^	ASL136A-LSF^	RSK136A-KSS [^]	RVH136-HSF [^]	ARL136-LRA^	RPK136-HRZ^	TG136C-HQZ^	RQF136-FQS^	TG136C-JPZ^
	39	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
. 1	45									
1	50	TGH150-HVS [^]	ASL150A-LSF^	RSK150A-KSS [^]	RVH150-HSF [^]	ARL150-LRA^	RPK150-HRZ [^]	TG150C-HQZ [^]	RQF150-FQS^	TG150C-JPZ [^]
1	60									
5 1	87	TGH187-HVS^	ASL187A-LSF^	RSK187A-KSS^	RVH187-HSF^	ARL187-LRA^			RQF187-FQS^	
	200					0				
	205									
	221								0	
	230									

Produc Structu	ıct												
Cated Volta U _r (VAC Rated Volta		60	00	0	0	690	50	00	0)	
Cated Curre U _r (VDC) Rated Volta	.)^			400		200			180		16	 25	
r (A)		20	15	10	15	15	10	5	60	20	15	10	25
	86 76) 0	TG86C-HSZ*	RPF86-FPF^									
	93	0	0	0									
	97	0											
ζ,	102	TG102C-JSZ*							ALP102-PLZ^	QD102^	PD102^	TD102^	SD102^
פו	105	0											
	115	TG115C-JSZ*			ALP115-HLZ^					QD115^	PD115^	TD115^	SD115^
ב	120	0											
	123	0											
Ĭ.	125	TG125C-JSZ*				HN125^*	HP125^*	HS125^*	ALP125-PLZ^	QD125^	PD125^	TD125^	SD125^
	130	0								QD130^	PD130^	TD130^	SD130^
	133	0											
	135	0				0	0	0		0	0	0	0
E .	139 136	TG136C-JSZ*				HN136^*	O HP136^*	HS136^*		QD136^	PD136^	O TD136^	SD136^
o.	145	0											
<u>ڪ</u>	150	TG150C-JSZ*				HN150^*	HP150^*	HS150^*		QD150^	PD150^	TD150^	SD150^
_	160	0											
ر	187	0											
	200	0											
	205	0											
	221	0											
	230	0											

Q136^* Q115^* Q102^*	Q136* Q115*	Q136* Q115*	P125^* P115^*	P115*	O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O	TB136-UHZ^ TB130-UHZ^	TB136-UJZ* TB125-UJZ*	C TS136-RHZ^	O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O	S150^ S136^ OOOOOOOOOOOOOOOOOOOOOOOOOOOOOOOOOOOO	C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C	ADN230B-NEZ	Model
Q136^* Q125^* Q115^*	Q136* Q115*	Q136* Q115*	P136^* P125^*	P136*	O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O	TB136-UHZ^ TB130-UHZ^ TB125-UHZ^	TB136-UJZ* TB130-UJZ* TB125-UJZ*	CTS136-RHZ^	**Comparison of the comparison	S150^ S136^ CONTROL CO	C T150^ C T136^ C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C		Model
Q136^* Q125^* Q115^*	Q136* Q1315*	Q136* Q136* Q136* Q136*	P136^* P125^*	P136*	P136*	TB136-UHZ^ TB130-UHZ^ TB125-UHZ^	TB136-UJZ* TB130-UJZ* TB125-UJZ*	TS136-RHZ^	TS136-RJZ*	S150^ S136^ OOO	T150^ T136^ O		Model
Q136^* Q125^* Q115^*	Q136* Q136* Q136* Q136*	Q136* Q136* Q136* Q136*	P136^* P125^* O	P136*	P136*	TB136-UHZ^ TB130-UHZ^ TB125-UHZ^	TB136-UJZ* TB130-UJZ* TB125-UJZ*	TS136-RHZ^ TS125-RHZ^	TS136-RJZ*	S150^ S136^ O	T150^ T136^ O		Model
Q136^* Q125^* Q115^*	Q136* Q136* Q136* Q115*	Q136* Q136* Q136* Q136*	P136^* P125^* O	P136*	P136*	TB136-UHZ^ TB130-UHZ^ TB125-UHZ^	TB136-UJZ* TB130-UJZ* TB125-UJZ*	TS136-RHZ^	TS136-RJZ*	S150^ S136^ O	T150^ T136^ T136^		Model
Q136^* Q125^* Q115^*	Q136* Q136* Q136* Q115*	Q136* Q136* Q136* Q136*	P136^* P125^* O	P136*	P136* O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O	TB136-UHZ^ TB130-UHZ^ TB125-UHZ^	TB136-UJZ* TB130-UJZ* TB125-UJZ*	TS136-RHZ^ TS136-RHZ^ TS125-RHZ^	TS136-RJZ*	\$150^	T150^		Model
Q136^* Q125^* Q115^*	Q136* Q136* Q136* Q115*	Q136* O Q115*	P136^* P125^* O	P136* O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O	P136*	TB136-UHZ^ TB130-UHZ^ TB125-UHZ^	TB136-UJZ* TB130-UJZ* TB125-UJZ*	TS136-RHZ^ TS125-RHZ^	TS136-RJZ*	S136^ O	C T136^		Model
Q136^* O Q125^* O Q115^*	Q136* O Q115*	Q136* O Q115*	P136^* P125^* O	P136* O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O	P136* O O O	TB136-UHZ^ TB130-UHZ^ TB125-UHZ^	TB136-UJZ* TB130-UJZ* TB125-UJZ*	TS136-RHZ^	TS136-RJZ*	S136^ O	C T136^		Model
Q136^*	Q136*	Q136*	P136^*	P136*	P136*	TB136-UHZ^ TB130-UHZ^ TB125-UHZ^	TB136-UJZ* TB130-UJZ* TB125-UJZ*	TS136-RHZ^ O O TS125-RHZ^	TS136-RJZ*	\$136^	T136^		Model
Q125^* Q115^*	0 0 0 0 0 0 Q115*	0 0 0 0 0 0 Q115*	P125^*			TB130-UHZ^ TB125-UHZ^	TB130-UJZ*	O TS125-RHZ^	TS125-RJZ*				Model
Q125^* O Q115^*	O O O O Q115*	O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O	P125^*			TB130-UHZ^ TB125-UHZ^	TB130-UJZ* TB125-UJZ*	O TS125-RHZ [^]	O TS125-RJZ*				Model
Q125^* O Q115^*	O O O Q115*	O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O	P125^*			TB130-UHZ^ TB125-UHZ^	TB130-UJZ* TB125-UJZ*	O TS125-RHZ^	○ TS125-RJZ*				odel
Q125^*	O O Q115*	O O Q115*	P125^*			TB125-UHZ^	TB125-UJZ*	TS125-RHZ [^]	TS125-RJZ*				<u>@</u>
Q115^*	Q115*	O Q115*											
Q115^*	Q115*	Q115*											1
Q115^*	Q115*	Q115*											
0			P115^*	D44E*									
				PIIS	P115*	TB115-UHZ [^]	TB115-UJZ*	TS115-RHZ [^]	TS115-RJZ*	S115^	T115^		
Q102^*													
			P102^*	P102*	P102*	TB102-UHZ [^]	TB102-UJZ*	TS102-RHZ [^]	TS102-RJZ*	S102 [^]	T102^		
0													
0													
0													
) 0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	\mapsto
ļ	25			20		20	00	10	0	10	15 16	50	1
l		12	20			100	0	100	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	10	00	60	
400	300	250	400	300	250	0	125	0	125		o 	0	
							0 0		•				
	400		12	120	120	120	120 100 400 300 250 400 300 250	120 100 ° 400 300 250 400 300 250 ° 125	120 100 0 100 400 300 250 400 300 250 0 125 0	120 100 0 100 0 400 300 250 400 300 250 0 125 0 125 0 125	120 100 0 100 0 100 100 400 300 250 0 125	120 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100	120 100 100 100 60 400 300 250 400 300 250 125 125 0

U Series

DC-ATCO

Direct Current Thermal-Link (Alloy Type)

rodi ruct	uct ture								□	=(
/r (VAC)* ited Voltage		250	0	250			0			250				2	50	0	2	50	125		o 		250	
(VD ed Vo	C)^												60											
r (A)			5		10 9		8.5	8 6		,	5 4		4		3	2.5 2			1	4		3	2	1
	76	R0^*		U0^*					0							0					0	X0*	K0*	F0*
	86	R18^*		U18^*					C18^							V18^					F18^	X18^*	K18^*	F18*
	97 93	0																						
	102	R1^*		U1^*																	F1^	X1^*	K1^*	F1*
	105	0		0																	0	0	0	0
	115	R2^*		U2^*				C2^				V2^		SF2 [^]							F2^	X2^*	K2^*	F2*
	120	0												0										
	123	0																						
	125	R3^*		U3^*													H3^*					X3^*	K3^*	F3*
	130	R4^*		U4^*								V4^		SF4^							F4^	X4*	K4*	F4*
	133	0										V8^		SF8^							F8^	X8*	K8*	F8*
	135	R5^*		U5^*																		X5*	K5*	
	136	0	0			0	0				0	0	X9^							K9^	0	X9*	K9*	0
	139	0	CR13^		0	M13^	C13^				SF13^	V13^	0							0	F13^	0	0	F13*
	145	R6^*		U6^*	C6^								X6^							K6^	F6^	X6*	K6*	F6*
•	160 150	R16^*		U16^*						C16^*							H16^*	V16^*				X16^* X7*	K16^*	F16'
	187	0		0						0							0	0				X17^*	K17^*	O
	200	0																						
	205	R32^*		U32^*						C32^*					B32^*		H32^*	V32^*	V32*			X32*	K32*	
	221	R31^*		U31^*						C31^*					B31^*		H31^*	V31^*	V31*			X31*	K31*	
	230	0																						